What is SOMATULINE® DEPOT (lanreotide) Injection?

SOMATULINE DEPOT is a prescription medicine used in adults for:

- the treatment of a type of cancer known as neuroendocrine tumors, from the gastrointestinal tract or the pancreas (GEP-NETs) that has spread or cannot be removed by surgery; and

- the treatment of carcinoid syndrome to reduce the need for the use of short-acting somatostatin medicine.

It is not known if SOMATULINE DEPOT is safe and effective in children.

Look inside to explore 3 reasons why Somatuline® Depot may be an option for you.

Please see full Important Safety Information on pages 11-12; click here for the full Prescribing Information, including Patient Information.
**What Are GEP-NETs?**

**Tumors of the pancreas or gastrointestinal tract**

Gastrointestinal and pancreatic neuroendocrine tumors, or GEP-NETs, are a type of cancer that can occur in either the pancreas or gastrointestinal tract.

It may be difficult for doctors to diagnose GEP-NETs because symptoms are often so general that they might seem like those of other diseases.

Because they are difficult to diagnose, they sometimes advance to the point where they can’t be completely removed through surgery—but many can still be treated with certain medications.

---

**Somatuline® Depot is the 1st and only FDA-approved treatment to slow the growth of GEP-NETs that have spread or cannot be removed by surgery...and treat carcinoid syndrome to reduce the need for short-acting somatostatin medicine**

---

**IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION**

- Do not take SOMATULINE DEPOT if you are allergic to lanreotide.
- SOMATULINE DEPOT may cause serious side effects, including:
  - Gallstones
  - Changes to your blood sugar (high or low blood sugar),
  - Slow heart rate, and
  - High blood pressure.

Please see full Important Safety Information on pages 11-12; click here for the full Prescribing Information, including Patient Information.
What Is Carcinoid Syndrome?

A syndrome caused by a neuroendocrine tumor

Carcinoid syndrome occurs when a rare cancerous tumor called a neuroendocrine tumor secretes certain chemicals into your bloodstream, causing signs and symptoms.

How Does Somatuline® Depot Work?

A synthetic version of a naturally occurring hormone

Somatuline Depot (pronounced So-mah-tu-leen Dee-poh) contains lanreotide, a synthetic, or man-made, version of a hormone called somatostatin, which is found naturally in the human body. Natural somatostatin helps to control the release of many different types of hormones. Somatuline Depot is believed to interact with certain microscopic structures that exist on the surface of tumor cells, but it’s not known exactly how it works in the body to delay the growth of GEP-NETs that have spread or cannot be removed by surgery, or how it works to reduce the need for short-acting somatostatin medicine.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

• Tell your healthcare provider (HCP) if you have any of the following symptoms:
  — Symptoms of gallstones may include sudden pain in your upper right stomach area (abdomen), sudden pain in your right shoulder or between your shoulder blades, yellowing of your skin and whites of your eyes, fever with chills, and nausea.
  — Symptoms of high blood sugar may include increased thirst, increased appetite, nausea, weakness or tiredness, urinating more than normal, and fruity smelling breath.

Please see full Important Safety Information on pages 11-12; click here for the full Prescribing Information, including Patient Information.
Slow the Growth of GEP-NETs

In patients whose disease has spread or cannot be removed by surgery

- Somatuline® Depot was studied for nearly 2 years in adults with various types of GEP-NETs that had spread or could not be removed by surgery. In some patients, the cancer started in their pancreas. In others, it started in a different place, such as their intestinal tract, which includes the colon.
- 204 patients in the study were divided into 2 groups, which received either Somatuline Depot 120 mg or placebo by deep subcutaneous injection every 4 weeks.
- Somatuline Depot versus placebo reduced the risk of disease progression or death by 53%.
- At 22 months, more than half of the patients taking Somatuline Depot did not yet have their cancer progress. For those taking sterile injection placebo, it took 16.6 months until half the patients had their cancer progress.

Talk to your doctor about your condition and whether Somatuline Depot is right for you.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

- Tell your healthcare provider (HCP) if you have any of the following symptoms (continued):
  - Symptoms of low blood sugar may include dizziness or lightheadedness, sweating, confusion, headache, blurred vision, slurred speech, shakiness, fast heartbeat, irritability or mood changes, and hunger.
  - Symptoms of slow heart rate may include dizziness or lightheadedness, fainting or near-fainting, chest pain, shortness of breath, confusion or memory problems, and weakness or extreme tiredness.

Please see full Important Safety Information on pages 11-12; click here for the full Prescribing Information, including Patient Information.
Somatuline® Depot is FDA-approved to treat adults with carcinoid syndrome to reduce the need for the use of short-acting somatostatin medicine.

The most common side effects of Somatuline Depot in people with GEP-NETs were: stomach area (abdominal) pain; muscle and joint aches; vomiting; headache; pain, itching, or a lump at the injection site. For people with carcinoid syndrome, the most common side effects were: headache, dizziness, and muscle spasm. Side effects for carcinoid syndrome were generally similar to those commonly seen with GEP-NETs.

Talk to your doctor about your condition and whether Somatuline Depot is right for you. A conversation on side effects is an important part of talking to your doctor about treatment options.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

• The most common side effects of SOMATULINE DEPOT in people with:
  — GEP-NETs: stomach area (abdominal) pain; muscle and joint aches; vomiting; headache; pain, itching or a lump at the injection site
  — Carcinoid syndrome: headache, dizziness, muscle spasm; side effects were generally similar to those commonly seen with GEP-NETs

Please see full Important Safety Information on pages 11-12; click here for the full Prescribing Information, including Patient Information.
• You will receive a Somatuline® Depot deep subcutaneous injection every 4 weeks administered by your healthcare provider.

• Your healthcare provider will tell you how long you need to receive Somatuline Depot.

• Somatuline Depot is injected deep under the skin of the upper outer area of your buttock.

• Your injection site should change (alternate) between your right and left buttock from one injection of Somatuline Depot to the next.

• If you’re already being treated with Somatuline Depot for GEP-NETs, your doctor will not give you an additional dose to treat carcinoid syndrome.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

• SOMATULINE DEPOT may cause dizziness. If this happens, do not drive a car or operate machinery.

• Tell your HCP right away if you have signs of an allergic reaction after receiving SOMATULINE DEPOT, including swelling of your face, lips or tongue; breathing problems; fainting, dizziness or feeling lightheaded (low blood pressure); itching; skin flushing or redness; rash; or hives.

Please see full Important Safety Information on pages 11-12; click here for the full Prescribing Information, including Patient Information.
What Are the Possible Side Effects?

Somatuline® Depot may cause serious side effects, including: gallstones, changes to your blood sugar (high or low blood sugar), slow heart rate, and high blood pressure.

Tell your healthcare provider (HCP) if you have any of the following symptoms:

• **Symptoms of gallstones** may include sudden pain in your upper right stomach area (abdomen), sudden pain in your right shoulder or between your shoulder blades, yellowing of your skin and whites of your eyes, fever with chills, and nausea

• **Symptoms of high blood sugar** may include increased thirst, increased appetite, nausea, weakness or tiredness, urinating more than normal, and fruity smelling breath

• **Symptoms of low blood sugar** may include dizziness or lightheadedness, sweating, confusion, headache, blurred vision, slurred speech, shakiness, fast heartbeat, irritability or mood changes, and hunger

• **Symptoms of slow heart rate** may include dizziness or lightheadedness, fainting or near-fainting, chest pain, shortness of breath, confusion or memory problems, and weakness or extreme tiredness

The most common side effects of Somatuline Depot in people with:

• **GEP-NETs**: stomach area (abdominal) pain; muscle and joint aches; vomiting; headache; pain, itching or a lump at the injection site

• **Carcinoid syndrome**: headache, dizziness, muscle spasm; side effects were generally similar to those commonly seen with GEP-NETs

This is not a full list of all possible side effects or information you should tell your healthcare provider. Please see following pages for additional Important Safety Information.
Before taking Somatuline® Depot, tell your HCP about all your medical conditions including if you: have diabetes; have gallbladder, heart, thyroid, kidney or liver problems; are pregnant or plan to become pregnant; or are breastfeeding or plan to breastfeed. It is not known if Somatuline Depot will harm your unborn baby or pass into breast milk. You should not breastfeed if you receive Somatuline Depot and for 6 months after your last dose. Somatuline Depot may affect your ability to become pregnant.

Tell your HCP about all the medicines you take, including prescription and over-the-counter medicines, vitamins, and herbal supplements. Somatuline Depot and other medicines may affect each other, causing side effects. Somatuline Depot may affect the way other medicines work, and other medicines may affect how Somatuline Depot works. Your dose of Somatuline Depot or your other medications may need to be changed. If you have diabetes, your HCP may change your dose of diabetes medication when you first start receiving Somatuline Depot or if your dose of Somatuline Depot is changed.

Especially tell your HCP if you take:
- Insulin or other diabetes medicines,
- A cyclosporine (Gengraf, Neoral, or Sandimmune), or
- Medicines that lower your heart rate, such as beta blockers

Know the medicines you take. Keep a list of them to show your HCP when you get a new medicine.

Tell your HCP if you have any side effect that bothers you or that does not go away. These are not all the possible side effects of Somatuline Depot. For more information, ask your HCP.
Save Up to $20,000 Per Calendar Year on Your Out-of-Pocket Costs if You Are Eligible*

Take charge—with the knowledge that IPSEN CARES® (Coverage, Access, Reimbursement & Education Support) is there to help simplify the coverage and treatment process.

Eligible* patients will receive up to $20,000 of financial support through the calendar year with some patients having no out-of-pocket responsibility for their prescription.

Straightforward Enrollment

Visit www.ipsencares.com and complete a Somatuline® Depot IPSEN CARES® enrollment form or ask your healthcare provider to call IPSEN CARES®.

Questions About Patient Support?

Speak with an IPSEN CARES® Patient Access Specialist. Call (866) 435-5677, Monday through Friday, 8 AM to 8 PM ET or visit www.ipsencares.com

*Please see Patient Eligibility & Terms and Conditions on page 10.

Please see full Important Safety Information on pages 11-12; click here for the full Prescribing Information, including Patient Information.
Patient Eligibility & Terms and Conditions

*Patient Eligibility & Terms and Conditions: Patients are not eligible for copay assistance through IPSEN CARES® if they are enrolled in any state or federally funded programs for which drug prescriptions or coverage could be paid in part or in full, including, but not limited to, Medicare Part B, Medicare Part D, Medicaid, Medigap, VA, DoD, or TRICARE (collectively, “Government Programs”), or where prohibited by law. Patients residing in Massachusetts, Minnesota, Michigan, or Rhode Island can only receive assistance with the cost of Ipsen products but not the cost of related medical services (injection). Patients receiving free starter therapy through the IPSEN CARES® program are not eligible for the copay assistance program while they are waiting for insurance prescription coverage to begin. Patients receiving assistance through another assistance program or foundation, free trial, or other similar offer or program, also are not eligible for the copay assistance program during the current enrollment year.

Cash-pay patients are eligible to participate. “Cash-pay” patients are defined for purposes of this program as patients without insurance coverage or who have commercial insurance that does not cover Somatuline® Depot. Medicare Part D enrollees who are in the prescription drug coverage gap (the “donut hole”) are not considered cash-pay patients, and are not eligible for copay assistance through IPSEN CARES®. For patients with commercial insurance who are not considered to be cash-pay patients, the maximum copay benefit amount per prescription is an amount equal to the difference between the annual maximum copay benefit of $20,000 and the total amount of copay benefit provided to the patient in the Somatuline® Depot Copay Program for the 2020 calendar year. For cash-pay patients, the maximum copay benefit amount per prescription is $1,666.66, subject to the annual maximum of $20,000 in total. Patient pays any amount greater than the maximum copay savings amount per prescription.

Patient or guardian is responsible for reporting receipt of copay savings benefit to any insurer, health plan, or other third party who pays for or reimburses any part of the prescription filled through the program, as may be required. Additionally, patients may not submit any benefit provided by this program for reimbursement through a Flexible Spending Account, Health Savings Account, or Health Reimbursement Account. Ipsen reserves the right to rescind, revoke, or amend these offers without notice at any time. Ipsen and/or RxCrossroads by McKesson are not responsible for any transactions processed under this program where Medicaid, Medicare, or Medigap payment in part or full has been applied. Data related to patient participation may be collected, analyzed, and shared with Ipsen for market research and other purposes related to assessing the program. Data shared with Ipsen will be de-identified, meaning it will not identify the patient. Void outside of the United States and its territories or where prohibited by law, taxed, or restricted. This program is not health insurance. No other purchase is necessary. Offer expires December 31, 2020.

Please see full Important Safety Information on pages 11-12; click here for the full Prescribing Information, including Patient Information.
What is SOMATULINE® DEPOT (lanreotide) Injection?

SOMATULINE DEPOT is a prescription medicine used in adults for:

• the treatment of a type of cancer known as neuroendocrine tumors, from the gastrointestinal tract or the pancreas (GEP-NETs) that has spread or cannot be removed by surgery; and

• the treatment of carcinoid syndrome to reduce the need for the use of short-acting somatostatin medicine.

It is not known if SOMATULINE DEPOT is safe and effective in children.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

• Do not take SOMATULINE DEPOT if you are allergic to lanreotide.

• SOMATULINE DEPOT may cause serious side effects, including:
  — Gallstones
  — Changes to your blood sugar (high or low blood sugar),
  — Slow heart rate, and
  — High blood pressure.

• Tell your healthcare provider (HCP) if you have any of the following symptoms:
  — Symptoms of gallstones may include sudden pain in your upper right stomach area (abdomen), sudden pain in your right shoulder or between your shoulder blades, yellowing of your skin and whites of your eyes, fever with chills, and nausea.
  — Symptoms of high blood sugar may include increased thirst, increased appetite, nausea, weakness or tiredness, urinating more than normal, and fruity smelling breath.
  — Symptoms of low blood sugar may include dizziness or lightheadedness, sweating, confusion, headache, blurred vision, slurred speech, shakiness, fast heartbeat, irritability or mood changes, and hunger.
  — Symptoms of slow heart rate may include dizziness or lightheadedness, fainting or near-fainting, chest pain, shortness of breath, confusion or memory problems, and weakness or extreme tiredness.

• The most common side effects of SOMATULINE DEPOT in people with:
  — GEP-NETs: stomach area (abdominal) pain; muscle and joint aches; vomiting; headache; pain, itching or a lump at the injection site
  — Carcinoid syndrome: headache, dizziness, muscle spasm; side effects were generally similar to those commonly seen with GEP-NETs

Please click here for the full Prescribing Information, including Patient Information.
IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

• SOMATULINE DEPOT may cause dizziness. If this happens, do not drive a car or operate machinery.

• Tell your HCP right away if you have signs of an allergic reaction after receiving SOMATULINE DEPOT, including swelling of your face, lips or tongue; breathing problems; fainting, dizziness or feeling lightheaded (low blood pressure); itching; skin flushing or redness; rash; or hives.

• Before taking SOMATULINE DEPOT, tell your HCP about all your medical conditions including if you: have diabetes; have gallbladder, heart, thyroid, kidney or liver problems; are pregnant or plan to become pregnant; or are breastfeeding or plan to breastfeed. It is not known if SOMATULINE DEPOT will harm your unborn baby or pass into breastfeed. You should not breastfeed if you receive SOMATULINE DEPOT and for 6 months after your last dose. SOMATULINE DEPOT may affect your ability to become pregnant.

• Tell your HCP about all the medicines you take, including prescription and over-the-counter medicines, vitamins, and herbal supplements. SOMATULINE DEPOT and other medicines may affect each other, causing side effects. SOMATULINE DEPOT may affect the way other medicines work, and other medicines may affect how SOMATULINE DEPOT works. Your dose of SOMATULINE DEPOT or your other medications may need to be changed. If you have diabetes, your HCP may change your dose of diabetes medication when you first start receiving SOMATULINE DEPOT or if your dose of SOMATULINE DEPOT is changed.

• Especially tell your HCP if you take:
  — Insulin or other diabetes medicines,
  — A cyclosporine (Gengraf, Neoral, or Sandimmune), or
  — Medicines that lower your heart rate, such as beta blockers.

  Know the medicines you take. Keep a list of them to show your HCP when you get a new medicine.

Tell your HCP if you have any side effect that bothers you or that does not go away. These are not all the possible side effects of SOMATULINE DEPOT. For more information, ask your HCP.

To report SUSPECTED ADVERSE REACTIONS, contact Ipsen Biopharmaceuticals, Inc. at 1-855-463-5127 or FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088 or www.fda.gov/medwatch.
3 reasons to talk to your doctor about Somatuline® Depot
(lanreotide) Injection 120 mg

1. Slows the growth of GEP-NETs in patients whose disease has spread or cannot be removed by surgery

2. Treats adult patients with carcinoid syndrome to reduce the need to use short-acting somatostatin medicine

3. Once-monthly, sustained-release deep subcutaneous injection

It’s also important to talk to your doctor about some of the serious side effects associated with Somatuline Depot, which include: gallstones, changes to your blood sugar (high or low blood sugar), slow heart rate, and high blood pressure.

Talk to your doctor about your treatment options and visit TakeCharg3.com

What is SOMATULINE® DEPOT (lanreotide) Injection?

SOMATULINE DEPOT is a prescription medicine used in adults for:

- the treatment of a type of cancer known as neuroendocrine tumors, from the gastrointestinal tract or the pancreas (GEP-NETs) that has spread or cannot be removed by surgery; and

- the treatment of carcinoid syndrome to reduce the need for the use of short-acting somatostatin medicine.

It is not known if SOMATULINE DEPOT is safe and effective in children.

Please see full Important Safety Information on pages 11-12; click here for the full Prescribing Information, including Patient Information.